

# COSSOR 46

Four-valve, plus rectifier, three-waveband table model superhet for 200-250 volt A.C. or D.C. supplies. Made by A. C. Cossor, Ltd., High-bury Grove, London, N.5.

**Circuit.**—The aerial circuit, which contains a series I.F. rejector, feeds V1, the frequency-changer, through transformer coils on each of the three bands. M. and L.W. primaries are iron-dust cored.

The oscillator circuits are straightforward with anode reaction coils and additional coupling on M.W. by the fixed padder C16.

Permeability trimmed I.F. trans-

formers link V2, the I.F. amplifier, and V3, the double-diode triode. The volume control, R13, forms the signal diode load with R11-C29 as an H.F. filter and R15-C31 as a tone control.

The A.V.C. diode is energised from I.F.2 primary, R10 being the load.

Resistance and capacity feed the output tetraode, V4. A switched high-resistance (5,000 ohm) extension speaker connection is provided, and on the output secondary circuit is a negative feed-back connection to V3 cathode.

H.T. is provided, as usual with an A.C./D.C. set, by a half-wave rectifier, with smoothing by choke and electrolytics. All the valve heaters are in series.

H.F. noise filter chokes, L14, L15, and condenser, C41, are included in the mains input. The dial lamps are across R28 in the main negative return.

**Extension Speaker.**—The extension is provided with a switch so that the internal speaker is disconnected when the plug is pushed right in. The extension

is on the H.T. or primary side and the additional speaker should have an output transformer of 8,000 ohms impedance.

**GANGING**

**I.F. Circuits.**—Remove paper discs on each I.F. coil and soften wax covering cores with warm screwdriver. Tune to M.W., inject 465 kc. to V1 grid and adjust I.F. cores for maximum. Keep input low so that A.V.C. does not function.

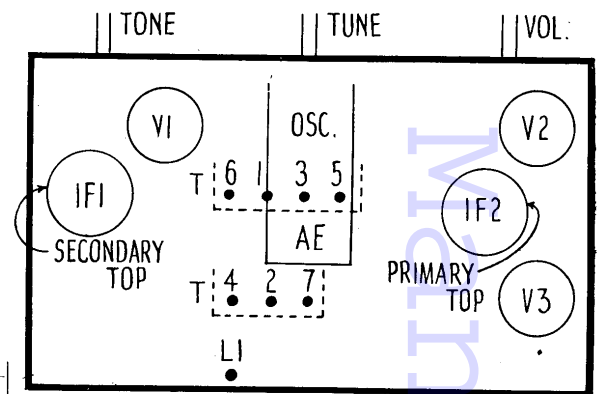
**M.W. Band.**—Tune to 214 m., inject 1,400 kc. to aerial and adjust T1, T2. Padding is fixed (C16). Compensate with trimmers if necessary.

**L.W. Band.**—Tune to 1,200 m., inject 250 kc. to aerial and adjust T3, T4. Inject 160 kc., tune in, and adjust T5 for maximum while rocking gang slightly.

**S.W. Band.**—Tune to 18 mc., inject this frequency and adjust T6, T7. Padding is fixed; compensate with trimmers if necessary.

**I.F. Filter.**—Inject 465 kc. to aerial and adjust L1 for minimum.

The Cossor chassis is in two parts — radio and power. The top layout of the radio section is shown here. The trimmers are actually situated underneath.



**WINDINGS**

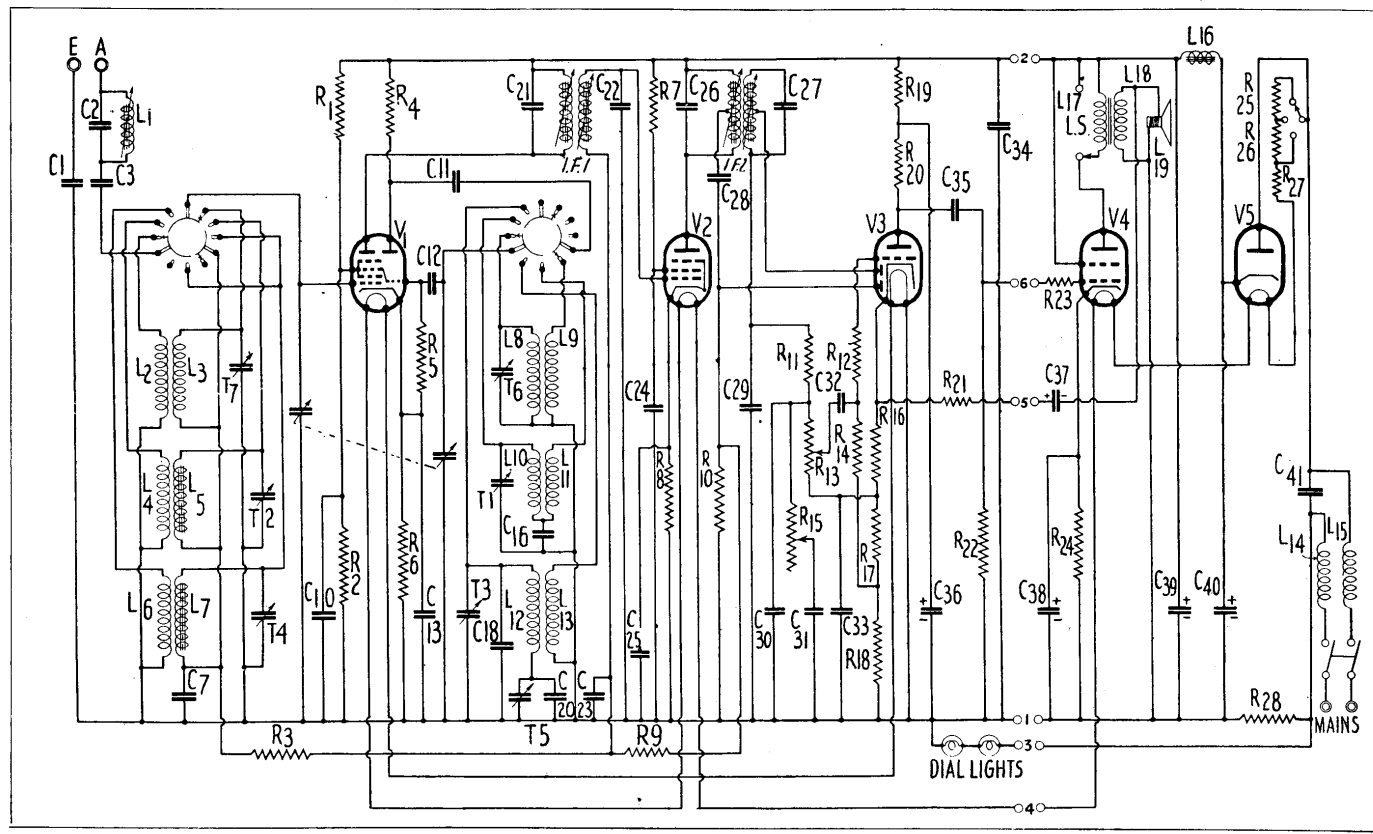
L	Ohms	L	Ohms
1	4.2	13	6.2
2	.5	14	7.5
3	V. low	15	7.5
4	25	16	485
5	2.1	17	400
6	130	18	.38
7	15.5	19	2
8	V. low	IF1, P & S	3.7
9	V. low	IF2, P & S	18.5
10	6		
11	2.5		
12	14		

**VALVE READINGS**

V	Type	Electrode	Volts	Ma.
1	202STH	Anode	187	1.6
		Screen	85	4.7
		Osc. anode	80	5.35
2	202VPB	Cathode	1.85	11.65
		Anode	187	3
		Screen	69	1.05
3	202DDT	Cathode	1.4	4.05
		Anode	98	1.5
		Screen	172	35
4	402OT	Cathode	3.1	1.5
		Anode	187	6
		Screen	172	35
5	40SUA	Cathode	6.15	41
		Anodes	190A.C.	
		Cathode	220	57.8

Pilot lamps, 8 v., 1.6 watts, No. 222.

Model 46 is a "short" superhet with half-wave rectifier and for A.C. or D.C. operation. There are coupled circuits on each of the three bands with iron-core coils on M. and L.W. and for the I.F. transformers. The "break" between the two chassis is indicated.



**CONDENSERS**

C	Mfds.	C	Mfds.
1	.05	26	60 mmfds.
2	.225 mmfds.	27	75 mmfds.
3	.0005	28	50 mmfds.
7	.05	29	50 mmfds.
10	.04	30	50 mmfds.
11	.0005	31	.004
12	.0001	32	.01
13	.1	33	50 mmfds.
16	638 mmfds.	34	.0005
18	50 mmfds.	35	.01
20	140 mmfds.	36	2
21	225 mmf's.	37	10
22	225 mmfds.	38	50
23	.04	39	16
24	.04	40	32
25	.1	41	.05

**RESISTANCES**

R	Ohms	R	Ohms
1	10,000	15	2 meg.
2	15,000	16	100
3	.5 meg.	17	750
4	20,000	18	2,000
5	25,000	19	20,000
6	160	20	30,000
7	.1 meg.	21	500
8	350	22	.5 meg.
9	3 meg.	23	.1 meg.
10	1 meg.	24	150
11	50,000	25	105
12	.1 meg.	26	85
13	.5 meg.	27	260
14	2 meg.	28	60